ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2025

MANAGEMENT REPORT

Management's Responsibility for Financial Reporting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared by Mackenzie Financial Corporation, as Manager of Mackenzie World Low Volatility ETF (the "ETF"). The Manager is responsible for the integrity, objectivity and reliability of the data presented. This responsibility includes selecting appropriate accounting principles and making judgments and estimates consistent with IFRS Accounting Standards. The Manager is also responsible for the development of internal controls over the financial reporting process, which are designed to provide reasonable assurance that relevant and reliable financial information is produced.

The Board of Directors (the "Board") of Mackenzie Financial Corporation is responsible for reviewing and approving the financial statements and overseeing the Manager's performance of its financial reporting responsibilities. The Board meets regularly with the Manager, internal auditors and external auditors to discuss internal controls over the financial reporting process, auditing matters and financial reporting issues.

KPMG LLP is the external auditor of the ETF. It is appointed by the Board. The external auditor has audited the financial statements in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards to enable it to express to the unitholders its opinion on the financial statements. Its report is set out below.

On behalf of Mackenzie Financial Corporation, Manager of the ETF

Signed "Luke Gould"

Signed "Terry Rountes"

Luke Gould President and Chief Executive Officer Mackenzie Financial Corporation

June 4, 2025

Terry Rountes Chief Financial Officer, Funds Mackenzie Financial Corporation

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Unitholders of Mackenzie World Low Volatility ETF (the "ETF") Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the ETF. which comprise:

- the statements of financial position as at March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024
- the statements of comprehensive income for the periods then ended as indicated in note 1
- the statements of changes in financial position for the periods then ended as indicated in note 1
- the statements of cash flows for the periods then ended as indicated in note 1 and
- notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies (Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the ETF as at March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024, and its financial performance and cash flows for the periods then ended as indicated in note 1 in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditor's report.

We are independent of the ETF in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



ANNUAL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | March 31, 2025

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (cont'd)

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. Other information comprises:

- the information included in the Annual Management Report of Fund Performance filed with the relevant Canadian Securities Commissions.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit and remain alert for indications that the other information appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained the information included in the Annual Management Report of Fund Performance filed with the relevant Canadian Securities Commissions as at the date of this auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed on this other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in the auditor's report.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the ETF's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the ETF or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the ETF.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control.
- · Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to
 events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ETF's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention
 in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence
 obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the ETF to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- Provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships
 and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

KPMG LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this auditor's report is Jacob Smolack. Toronto, Canada June 4, 2025

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

at March 31 (in \$ 000 except per unit amounts)

	2025 \$	2024 \$
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Investments at fair value	240,366	27,896
Cash and cash equivalents	5,114	105
Dividends receivable	1,160	10
Accounts receivable for investments sold	569	32
Accounts receivable for units issued	-	23,975
Due from manager	2	-
Total assets	247,211	52,018

LIABILITIES

Net assets attributable to unitholders	246,644	29,178
Total liabilities	567	22,840
Due to manager	115	2
Accounts payable for units redeemed	-	-
Accounts payable for investments purchased	452	22,838
Current liabilities		

STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

for the periods ended March 31 (in \$ 000 except per unit amounts)

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Income		
Dividends	3,287	23
Interest income for distribution purposes	105	4
Other changes in fair value of investments and other		
net assets		
Net realized gain (loss)	3,856	27
Net unrealized gain (loss)	24,061	165
Securities lending income	6	-
Other	180	-
Total income (loss)	31,495	219
Expenses (note 6)		
Management fees	758	3
Management fee rebates	(491)	-
Interest charges	5	-
Commissions and other portfolio transaction costs	82	10
Independent Review Committee fees	-	-
Other	1	-
Expenses before amounts absorbed by Manager	355	13
Expenses absorbed by Manager	—	_
Net expenses	355	13
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders		
from operations before tax	31,140	206
Foreign withholding tax expense (recovery)	88	4
Foreign income tax expense (recovery)	-	-
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders		
from operations	31,052	202

Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations (note 3)

	uniti	unitionalis nom operations (note 5)			
	per un	per unit		es	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	
CAD Units	5.25	0.81	31,052	202	

Net assets attributable to unitholders (note 3)

	per unit		per sei	ries
	2025	2024	2025	2024
CAD Units	25.16	20.81	246,644	29,178

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FINANCIAL POSITION

for the periods ended March 31 (in \$ 000 except per unit amounts)

	CAD U	nits
	2025	2024
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS	_	
Beginning of period	29,178	-
Increase (decrease) in net assets from operations	31,052	202
Distributions paid to unitholders:		
Investment income	(878)	-
Capital gains	(2,021)	-
Management fee rebates	(491)	-
Total distributions paid to unitholders	(3,390)	-
Unit transactions:		
Proceeds from units issued	140,687	28,976
Proceeds from units issued on merger (note 11)	64,374	-
Reinvested distributions	2,021	-
Payments on redemption of units	(17,278)	-
Total unit transactions	189,804	28,976
Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders	217,466	29,178
End of period	246,644	29,178
Increase (decrease) in units (in thousands) (note 7):	Unit	s
Units outstanding – beginning of period	1,400	_
Issued	6,300	1,400
Issued on merger (note 11)	2,853	· _
Reinvested distributions		_
Redeemed	(750)	_
Units outstanding – end of period	9,803	1,400

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

for the periods ended March 31 (in \$ 000)

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to		
unitholders from operations	31,052	202
Adjustments for:		
Net realized loss (gain) on investments	(3,856)	(21)
Change in net unrealized loss (gain) on investments	(24,061)	(165)
Purchase of investments	(237,371)	(5,294)
Proceeds from sale and maturity of investments	93,218	391
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable and other assets	(1,152)	(10)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other liabilities	113	2
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(142,057)	(4,895)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from units issued	165,693	5,001
Payments on redemption of units	(17,278)	-
Distributions paid net of reinvestments	(1,369)	-
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	147,046	5,001
	4 000	100
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	4,989	106
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	105	-
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash and cash	20	(1)
equivalents		(1) 105
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	5,114	100
Cash	5,114	105
Cash equivalents	3,114	105
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	5,114	105
	3,114	105
Supplementary disclosures on cash flow from operating activities:		
Dividends received	2,137	13
Foreign taxes paid	88	4
Interest received	105	4
Interest paid	5	-1
interest paid	J	

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS

nvestment Name	Country	Sector	Par Value/ Number of Shares/Units	Average Cost (\$ 000)	F Val (\$ 00
				(\$ 000)	(ψ 00
EQUITIES					
Abbott Laboratories	United States	Health Care	559	105	1
AbbVie Inc.	United States	Health Care	6,335	1,608	1,9
Accenture PLC Class A	United States	Information Technology	2,471	1,218	1,1
Aena SA	Spain	Industrials	3,403	1,131	1,1
Agilent Technologies Inc.	United States	Health Care	2,493	485	4
Akamai Technologies Inc. Albertsons Cos Inc.	United States United States	Information Technology Consumer Staples	11,571 6,012	1,579 162	1,3 1
The Allstate Corp.	United States	Financials	9,458	2,404	2,8
Altria Group Inc.	United States	Consumer Staples	13,577	1,027	2,0
Amdocs Ltd.	United States	Information Technology	5,984	703	1,1
Amgen Inc.	United States	Health Care	556	236	
Apple Inc.	United States	Information Technology	215	75	-
Arch Capital Group Ltd.	United States	Financials	2,696	354	3
Argenx SE	Netherlands	Health Care	681	614	Į
Asahi Kasei Corp.	Japan	Materials	146,700	1,453	1.4
Istellas Pharma Inc.	Japan	Health Care	137,134	2,104	1,9
T&T Inc.	United States	Communication Services	63,175	2,038	2,
tlassian Corp. PLC Class A	United States	Information Technology	597	205	_,
lutodesk Inc.	United States	Information Technology	200	89	
utoZone Inc.	United States	Consumer Discretionary	239	1,067	1.
anco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria SA	Spain	Financials	10,111	145	_,
BAWAG Group AG	Austria	Financials	657	96	
Becton, Dickinson and Co.	United States	Health Care	4,192	1,333	1,
BioMarin Pharmaceutical Inc.	United States	Health Care	4,329	405	,
ooking Holdings Inc.	United States	Consumer Discretionary	169	1,151	1,
oston Scientific Corp.	United States	Health Care	3,995	600	,
PER Banca SpA	Italy	Financials	189,838	1,736	2,
Bristol-Myers Squibb Co.	United States	Health Care	11,078	770	
Brixmor Property Group Inc.	United States	Real Estate	9,227	373	
CAE Inc.	Canada	Industrials	2,038	74	
Canon Inc.	Japan	Information Technology	26,688	1,189	1,
Carrefour SA	France	Consumer Staples	16,502	351	
athay Pacific Airways Ltd.	Hong Kong	Industrials	505,000	947	
boe Global Markets Inc.	United States	Financials	7,289	1,958	2,
Cencora Inc.	United States	Health Care	7,999	2,659	3,
GI Inc.	Canada	Information Technology	6,610	1,047	
heck Point Software Technologies Ltd.	Israel	Information Technology	571	179	
hemed Corp.	United States	Health Care	362	290	
henerie Energy Inc.	United States	Energy	578	188	
hubb Ltd.	United States	Financials	1,051	392	
hubu Electric Power Co. Inc.	Japan	Utilities	62,164	994	
hurch & Dwight Co. Inc.	United States	Consumer Staples	7,175	1,053	1,
igna Corp.	United States	Health Care	614	290	
incinnati Financial Corp.	United States	Financials	2,438	471	
isco Systems Inc.	United States	Information Technology	44,373	3,075	3,
LP Holdings Ltd.	Hong Kong	Utilities	9,000	106	
ME Group Inc.	United States	Financials	3,695	1,074	1,
he Coca-Cola Co.	United States	Consumer Staples	6,352	639	
oca-Cola European Partners PLC	United Kingdom	Consumer Staples	751	90	
ognizant Technology Solutions Corp.	United States	Information Technology	1,906	233	
olgate Palmolive Co.	United States	Consumer Staples	21,053	2,843	2,
VS Health Corp.	United States	Health Care	10,000	781	
aito Trust Construction Co. Ltd.	Japan	Real Estate	10,950	1,745	1,
he Descartes Systems Group Inc.	Canada	Information Technology	3,782	644	
eutsche Telekom AG	Germany	Communication Services	48,623	1,984	2,
olby Laboratories Inc. Class A	United States	Information Technology	2,883	297	
ropbox Inc. Class A	United States	Information Technology	36,031	1,183	1,
Juke Energy Corp.	United States	Utilities	4,674	728	
WS Group GmbH & Co. KGaA	Germany	Financials	8,131	428	
Dynatrace Inc.	United States	Information Technology	1,912	168	
colab Inc.	United States	Materials	4,478	1,617	1,
dison International	United States	Utilities	5,793	602	•
lectronic Arts Inc.	United States	Communication Services	11,340	2,171	2,
levance Health Inc.	United States	Health Care	348	254	
Empire Co. Ltd. Class A non-voting	Canada	Consumer Staples	42,730	1,677	2,

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (cont'd)

nvestment Name	Country	Sector	Par Value/ Number of Shares/Units	Average Cost (\$ 000)	Va (\$ 0
	Country	560101	Silares/Oliits	(\$ 000)	(Ģ U
EQUITIES (cont'd)					
Endesa SA	Spain	Utilities	14,343	454	:
Enel SPA	Italy	Utilities	90,399	916	1,
Engie SA	France	Utilities	81,256	1,885	2,
Entergy Corp.	United States	Utilities	14,936	1,202	1,
Everest Group Ltd.	United States	Financials	1,735	910	,
vergy Inc.	United States	Utilities	9,853	774	
ixelixis Inc.	United States	Health Care	12,498	440	
xpedia Group Inc.	United States	Consumer Discretionary	1,754	425	
air Isaac Corp.	United States	Information Technology	112	299	
idelity National Information Services Inc.	United States	Financials	1,124	115	
ortinet Inc.	United States	Information Technology	4,762	639	
resenius Medical Care AG & Co.	Germany	Health Care	2,300	160	
resenius SE & Co. KGaA	Germany	Health Care	7,496	344	
UJIFILM Holdings Corp.	Japan	Information Technology	7,200	214	
	United States			214 281	
Gen Digital Inc.	United States	Information Technology	7,270		2
ieneral Mills Inc.		Consumer Staples	35,404	3,395	3
enmab AS	Denmark	Health Care	1,389	422	~
ildan Activewear Inc.	Canada	Consumer Discretionary	35,783	2,276	2
ilead Sciences Inc.	United States	Health Care	14,677	1,599	2
ioDaddy Inc.	United States	Information Technology	9,537	2,011	2
Guidewire Software Inc.	United States	Information Technology	1,747	433	
I&R Block Inc.	United States	Consumer Discretionary	4,903	393	
I. Lundbeck AS	Denmark	Health Care	35,724	312	
ICA Holdings Inc.	United States	Health Care	1,700	856	
less Midstream LP	United States	Energy	7,196	420	
lewlett Packard Enterprise Co.	United States	Information Technology	20,607	498	
lilton Inc.	United States	Consumer Discretionary	275	91	
IKT Trust and HKT Ltd.	Hong Kong	Communication Services	599,858	1,055	1
Iulic Co. Ltd.	Japan	Real Estate	90,451	1,200	1
A Financial Corp. Inc.	Canada	Financials	12,628	1,522	1
ncyte Corp.	United States	Health Care	13,117	1,142	1
ndustrial Bank of Korea	Korea	Financials	40,389	557	-
nternational Business Machines Corp.	United States	Information Technology	8,914	2,473	3
ituit Inc.	United States	Information Technology	1,163	1,001	1
srael Discount Bank Ltd.	Israel	Financials	169,772	1,342	1
				'	
apan Post Holdings Co. Ltd.	Japan	Financials Financials	110,802	1,567	1
apan Post Insurance Co. Ltd.	Japan		6,000	174	
ohnson & Johnson	United States	Health Care	8,795	1,911	2
DDI Corp.	Japan	Communication Services	11,800	273	
Keyera Corp.	Canada	Energy	46,880	1,927	2
imberly-Clark Corp.	United States	Consumer Staples	7,854	1,472	1
ünder Morgan Inc.	United States	Energy	20,241	558	
ioninklijke (Royal) KPN NV	Netherlands	Communication Services	336,220	1,827	2
oninklijke Ahold Delhaize NV	Netherlands	Consumer Staples	3,107	143	
he Kroger Co.	United States	Consumer Staples	11,175	884	1
yocera Corp.	Japan	Information Technology	19,886	313	
abcorp Holdings Inc.	United States	Health Care	823	287	
ockheed Martin Corp.	United States	Industrials	1,577	1,138	1
undin Gold Inc.	Canada	Materials	7,743	326	
Iarsh & McLennan Companies Inc.	United States	Financials	10,856	3,239	3
lasterCard Inc. Class A	United States	Financials	1,463	1,048	1
IcDonald's Corp.	United States	Consumer Discretionary	4,170	1,717	1
IcKesson Corp.	United States	Health Care	3,302	2,561	3
ledtronic PLC	United States	Health Care	12,858	1,561	1
ferck & Co. Inc.	United States	Health Care	12,932	1,911	1
leta Platforms Inc. Class A	United States	Communication Services	727	580	1
IGIC Investment Corp.	United States	Financials	4,711	159	2
Aicrosoft Corp.	United States	Information Technology	5,958	3,445	3
Iondelez International Inc.	United States	Consumer Staples	818	75	-
Notorola Solutions Inc.	United States	Information Technology	5,370	3,007	3
lational Fuel Gas Co.	United States	Utilities	15,292	1,521	1
IEC Corp.	Japan	Information Technology	10,500	248	
lestlé SA Reg.	Switzerland	Consumer Staples	7,897	1,081	1
letApp Inc.	United States	Information Technology	3,920	613	
		Health Care	3,719	636	

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (cont'd)

nvestment Name	Country	Sector	Par Value/ Number of Shares/Units	Average Cost (\$ 000)	l Va (\$ 0
	country		Shares/ Onits	(\$ 000)	(φ 0
QUITIES (cont'd)					
IN Group NV	Netherlands	Financials	5,568	362	4
lokia OYJ ADR	Finland	Information Technology	88,261	576	6
lorthrop Grumman Corp.	United States	Industrials	4,307	2,914	3,
lovartis AG Reg.	Switzerland	Health Care	11,899	1,785	1,
lutanix Inc. Class A	United States	Information Technology	4,554	367	
OBIC Co. Ltd.	Japan	Information Technology	1,500	63	
Id Republic International Corp.	United States	Financials	27,199	1,231	1,
Ilympus Corp.	Japan	Health Care	12,900	292	
Dracle Corp.	United States	Information Technology	2,957	615	
Irange SA	France	Communication Services	73,069	1,184	1
Preilly Automotive Inc.	United States	Consumer Discretionary	881	1,331	1
Prion OYJ	Finland	Health Care	7,956	602	
)saka Gas Co. Ltd.	Japan	Utilities	47,700	1,536	1
Itsuka Holdings Co. Ltd.	Japan	Health Care	6,158	429	
Pegasystems Inc.	United States	Information Technology	453	61	
epsiČo Inc.	United States	Consumer Staples	10,104	2,354	2
G&E Corp.	United States	Utilities	32,352	902	
hilip Morris International Inc.	United States	Consumer Staples	7,981	1,346	1
he Procter & Gamble Co.	United States	Consumer Staples	17,695	4,098	4
he Progressive Corp.	United States	Financials	5,627	1,782	2
Quest Diagnostics Inc.	United States	Health Care	326	79	-
lakuten Inc.	Japan	Consumer Discretionary	23,900	219	
aytheon Technologies Corp.	United States	Industrials	1,311	198	
B Global Inc.	Canada	Industrials	3,959	516	
legeneron Pharmaceuticals Inc.	United States	Health Care	569	757	
lenaissanceRe Holdings Ltd.	Bermuda	Financials	1,848	625	
epublic Services Inc.	United States	Industrials	12,388	3,335	4
esMed Inc.	United States	Health Care	1,439	474	4
licoh Co. Ltd.		Information Technology	66,960	949	1
lithm Capital Corp.	Japan United States	Financials	104,911	1,787	1
Roche Holding AG Genusscheine	Switzerland	Health Care	5,342	2,174	2
oper Technologies Inc.	United States	Information Technology	3,111	2,174 2,438	2
he Sage Group PLC	United Kingdom	Information Technology	32,853	620	2
	United States		927	342	
alesforce Inc.		Information Technology			1
ampo OYJ A	Finland	Financials	88,485	1,078	1
AP AG	Germany	Information Technology	4,761	1,364	1
aputo Inc.	Canada	Consumer Staples	74,370	1,986	1
arepta Therapeutics Inc.	United States	Health Care	494	75	1
BI Holdings Inc.	Japan	Financials	34,783	1,130	1
cout24 AG	Germany	Communication Services	11,551	1,298	1
eiko Epson Corp.	Japan	Information Technology	11,500	280	
ingapore Exchange Ltd.	Singapore	Financials	11,400	138	
ingapore Technologies Engineering Ltd. (ST Engg)	Singapore	Industrials	189,422	872	1
ingapore Telecommunications Ltd.	Singapore	Communication Services	305,093	948	1
ITC International Holdings Co. Ltd.	China	Industrials	64,000	239	-
oftbank Corp.	Japan	Communication Services	817,250	1,474	1
onic Healthcare Ltd.	Australia	Health Care	11,465	266	
outhern Co.	United States	Utilities	11,817	1,430	1
tantec Inc.	Canada	Industrials	775	93	
wire Pacific Ltd. Class A	Hong Kong	Industrials	115,095	1,353	1
wiss Re Ltd.	Switzerland	Financials	4,295	775	1
akeda Pharmaceutical Co. Ltd.	Japan	Health Care	52,849	2,070	2
arga Resources Corp.	United States	Energy	3,597	996	1
E Connectivity PLC	United States	Information Technology	5,156	1,108	1
echnology One Ltd.	Australia	Information Technology	15,164	419	
eledyne Technologies Inc.	United States	Information Technology	933	652	
elenor ASA	Norway	Communication Services	32,692	553	
eliaSonera AB	Sweden	Communication Services	182,394	793	
exas Instruments Inc.	United States	Information Technology	436	116	
extron Inc.	United States	Industrials	10,220	1,141	1
-Mobile USA Inc.	United States	Communication Services	10,498	2,743	4
Foromont Industries Ltd.	Canada	Industrials	1,746	198	-
he Travelers Companies Inc.	United States	Financials	6,622	2,052	2
yson Foods Inc. Class A	United States	Consumer Staples	18,830	1,568	1

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (cont'd)

			Par Value/ Number of	Average Cost	Fair Value
Investment Name	Country	Sector	Shares/Units	(\$ 000)	(\$ 000)
EQUITIES (cont'd)					
United Therapeutics Corp.	United States	Health Care	248	115	110
UnitedHealth Group Inc.	United States	Health Care	2,653	1,987	2,000
US Foods Holding Corp.	United States	Consumer Staples	5,674	528	535
VeriSign Inc.	United States	Information Technology	8,749	2,444	3,197
Verizon Communications Inc.	United States	Communication Services	49,920	2,953	3,259
Visa Inc. Class A	United States	Financials	1,877	753	947
Vodafone Group PLC	United Kingdom	Communication Services	1,045,446	1,326	1,416
W. R. Berkley Corp.	United States	Financials	6,848	526	701
Walmart Stores Inc.	United States	Consumer Staples	18,382	1,936	2,323
Waste Connections Inc. USD	United States	Industrials	11,869	3,122	3,334
Waste Management Inc.	United States	Industrials	5,750	1,623	1,916
Webster Financial Corp.	United States	Financials	3,603	271	267
The Williams Companies Inc.	United States	Energy	20,959	1,428	1,803
Workday Inc. Class A	United States	Information Technology	2,491	840	837
Yum! Brands Inc.	United States	Consumer Discretionary	2,417	543	547
Z Holdings Corp.	Japan	Communication Services	19,300	80	94
Zoom Video Communications Inc.	United States	Information Technology	1,276	150	135
Total equities				216,260	240,366
Transaction costs				(68)	-
Total investments				216,192	240,366
Cash and cash equivalents					5,114
Other assets less liabilities					1,164
Net assets attributable to unitholders					246,644

SUMMARY OF INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO

MARCH 31, 2025

PORTFOLIO ALLOCATION	% OF NAV
Equities	97.4
Cash and cash equivalents	2.1
Other assets (liabilities)	0.5

REGIONAL ALLOCATION	% OF NAV
United States	62.7
Japan	8.3
Canada	6.3
Other	3.1
Germany	3.0
Switzerland	2.9
Cash and cash equivalents	2.1
France	1.6
Hong Kong	1.6
Ireland	1.5
Netherlands	1.3
Italy	1.3
Singapore	1.1
Finland	1.0
United Kingdom	0.9
Bermuda	0.8
Other assets (liabilities)	0.5

SECTOR ALLOCATION	% OF NAV
Information technology	17.9
Health care	16.5
Financials	15.3
Consumer staples	12.3
Communication services	11.3
Industrials	8.6
Utilities	6.0
Consumer discretionary	4.2
Energy	2.6
Cash and cash equivalents	2.1
Materials	1.4
Real estate	1.3
Other assets (liabilities)	0.5

MARCH 31, 2024

PORTFOLIO ALLOCATION	% OF NAV
Equities	95.6
Other assets (liabilities)	4.0
Cash and cash equivalents	0.4

REGIONAL ALLOCATION	% OF NAV
United States	60.4
Japan	8.5
Canada	6.3
Other assets (liabilities)	4.0
Switzerland	3.8
Germany	2.7
Other	2.5
Netherlands	1.9
Hong Kong	1.8
Italy	1.6
France	1.5
Singapore	1.1
Spain	1.1
Israel	1.0
United Kingdom	0.8
New Zealand	0.6
Cash and cash equivalents	0.4

SECTOR ALLOCATION	% OF NAV
Health care	16.6
Information technology	16.5
Consumer staples	13.1
Financials	12.6
Industrials	11.1
Communication services	10.3
Utilities	6.4
Consumer discretionary	4.9
Other assets (liabilities)	4.0
Energy	1.9
Real estate	1.4
Materials	0.8
Cash and cash equivalents	0.4

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Fiscal Periods and General Information

The ETF is organized as an open-ended mutual fund trust established under the laws of the Province of Ontario pursuant to a Declaration of Trust as amended and restated from time to time. The address of the ETF's registered office is 180 Queen Street West, Toronto, Ontario, Canada. The ETF is authorized to issue an unlimited number of units for sale under a Prospectus. The units of the ETF are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange/Cboe Canada ("the Exchange").

The information provided in these financial statements and notes thereto is for the periods ended or as at March 31, 2025 and 2024. In the year an exchange-traded fund ("the ETF") is established, 'period' represents the period from inception to the period end of that fiscal year. Refer to Note 11 (a) for the formation date of the ETF.

Mackenzie Financial Corporation ("Mackenzie") is the manager of the ETF and is wholly owned by IGM Financial Inc., a subsidiary of Power Corporation of Canada. Canada Life Investment Management Ltd. ("CLIML") is wholly owned by The Canada Life Assurance Company ("Canada Life"), a subsidiary of Power Corporation of Canada. Investments in companies within the Power Group of companies held by the ETF are identified in the Schedule of Investments.

2. Basis of Preparation and Presentation

These audited annual financial statements ("financial statements") have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards ("IFRS"). A summary of the ETF's material accounting policies under IFRS is presented in Note 3.

These financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the ETF's functional and presentation currency, and rounded to the nearest thousand unless otherwise indicated. These financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis using the historical cost basis, except for financial instruments that have been measured at fair value.

These financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of Mackenzie on June 4, 2025.

3. Material Accounting Policies

(a) Financial instruments

Financial instruments include financial assets and liabilities such as debt and equity securities, exchange-traded funds and derivatives. The ETF classifies and measures financial instruments in accordance with IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments* ("IFRS 9"). Upon initial recognition, financial instruments are classified as fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"). All financial instruments are recognized in the Statement of Financial Position when the ETF becomes a party to the contractual requirements of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognized when the right to receive cash flows from the instrument has expired or the ETF has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Financial liabilities are derecognized when the obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires. Investment purchase and sale transactions are recorded as of the trade date.

Financial instruments are subsequently measured at FVTPL with changes in fair value recognized in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – Other changes in fair value of investments and other net assets – Net unrealized gain (loss).

The cost of investments is determined on a weighted average cost basis.

Realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments are calculated based on the weighted average cost of investments and exclude commissions and other portfolio transaction costs, which are separately reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – Commissions and other portfolio transaction costs.

Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the investments are included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the period in which they arise.

The ETF accounts for its holdings in unlisted open-ended investment funds, private funds ("Underlying Funds") and Exchange-Traded Funds ("ETFs"), if any, at FVTPL. For private funds, Mackenzie will rely on the valuations provided by the managers of the private funds, which represents the ETF's proportionate share of the net assets of these private funds. The ETF's investment in Underlying Funds and ETFs, if any, is presented in the Schedule of Investments at fair value which represents the ETF's maximum exposure on these investments.

The ETF's redeemable units are held by different types of unitholders that are entitled to different redemption rights. Unitholders may redeem units of the ETF at a redemption price per unit equal to 95% of the closing price of the units on the Exchange on the effective day of the redemption, subject to a maximum redemption price of the applicable NAV per unit. These different redemption features create equally subordinate but not identical units of the ETF which therefore meet the criteria for classification as financial liabilities under IAS 32, *Financial Instruments: Presentation*. The ETF's obligation for net assets attributable to unitholders is presented at the redemption amount. Refer to Note 7 for details of subscriptions and redemptions of the ETF's units.

IAS 7, Statement of Cash Flows, requires disclosures related to changes in liabilities and assets, such as the units of the ETF, arising from financing activities. Changes in units of the ETF, including both changes from cash flows and non-cash changes, are included in the Statement of Changes in Financial Position. Any changes in the units not settled in cash as at the end of the period are presented as either Accounts receivable for units issued or Accounts payable for units redeemed in the Statement of Financial Position. These accounts receivable and accounts payable amounts typically settle shortly after period-end.

(b) Fair value measurement

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Material Accounting Policies (cont'd)

(b) Fair value measurement (cont'd)

Investments listed on a public securities exchange or traded on an over-the-counter market, including ETFs, are valued on the basis of the last traded market price or closing price recorded by the security exchange on which the security is principally traded, where this price falls within the quoted bid-ask spread for the investment. In circumstances where this price is not within the bid-ask spread, Mackenzie determines the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances. Mutual fund securities of an underlying fund are valued on a business day at the price calculated by the manager of such underlying fund in accordance with the constating documents of such underlying fund. Unlisted or non-exchange traded investments, or investments where a last sale or close price is unavailable or investments for which market quotations are, in Mackenzie's opinion, inaccurate, unreliable, or not reflective of all available material information, are valued at their fair value as determined by Mackenzie using appropriate and accepted industry valuation techniques including valuation models requires the use of inputs and assumptions based on observable market data including volatility and other applicable rates or prices. In limited circumstances, the fair value may be determined using valuation techniques that are not supported by observable market data.

Cash and cash equivalents which includes cash on deposit with financial institutions and short-term investments that are readily convertible to cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and are used by the ETF in the management of short-term commitments. Cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments are reported at fair value which closely approximates their amortized cost due to their nature of being highly liquid and having short terms to maturity. Bank overdraft positions are presented under current liabilities as bank indebtedness in the Statement of Financial Position. Short-term investments that are not considered cash equivalents are separately disclosed in the Schedule of Investments.

The ETF may use derivatives (such as written options, futures, forward contracts, swaps or customized derivatives) to hedge against losses caused by changes in securities prices, interest rates or exchange rates. The ETF may also use derivatives for non-hedging purposes in order to invest indirectly in securities or financial markets, to gain exposure to other currencies, to seek to generate additional income, and/or for any other purpose considered appropriate by the ETF's portfolio manager(s), provided that the use of the derivative is consistent with the ETF's investment objectives. Any use of derivatives will comply with Canadian mutual fund laws, subject to the regulatory exemptions granted to the ETF, as applicable.

Valuations of derivative instruments are carried out daily, using normal exchange reporting sources for exchange-traded derivatives and specific broker enquiry for over-the-counter derivatives.

The value of forward contracts is the gain or loss that would be realized if, on the valuation date, the positions were to be closed out. The change in value of forward contracts is included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – Other changes in fair value of investments and other net assets – Net unrealized gain (loss).

The daily fluctuation of futures contracts or swaps, along with daily cash settlements made by the ETF, where applicable, are equal to the change in unrealized gains or losses that are best determined at the settlement price. These unrealized gains or losses are recorded and reported as such until the ETF closes out the contract or the contract expires. Margin paid or deposited in respect of futures contracts or swaps is reflected as a receivable in the Statement of Financial Position – Margin on derivatives. Any change in the variation margin requirement is settled daily.

Premiums paid for purchasing an option are recorded in the Statement of Financial Position - Investments at fair value.

Premiums received from writing options are included in the Statement of Financial Position as a liability and subsequently adjusted daily to fair value. If a written option expires unexercised, the premium received is recognized as a realized gain. If a written call option is exercised, the difference between the proceeds of the sale plus the value of the premium, and the cost of the security is recognized as a realized gain or loss. If a written put option is exercised, the cost of the security acquired is the exercise price of the option less the premium received.

Refer to the Schedule of Derivative Instruments and Schedule of Options Purchased/Written, as applicable, included in the Schedule of Investments for a listing of derivative and options positions as at March 31, 2025.

The ETF categorizes the fair value of its assets and liabilities into three categories, which are differentiated based on the observable nature of the inputs and extent of estimation required.

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly. Examples of Level 2 valuations include quoted prices for similar securities, quoted prices on inactive markets and from recognized investment dealers, and the application of factors derived from observable data to non-North American quoted prices in order to estimate the impact of differences in market closing times.

Financial instruments classified as Level 2 investments are valued based on the prices provided by an independent reputable pricing services company who prices the securities based on recent transactions and quotes received from market participants and through incorporating observable market data and using standard market convention practices. Short-term investments classified as Level 2 investments are valued based on amortized cost plus accrued interest which closely approximates fair value.

The estimated fair values for these securities may be different from the values that would have been used had a ready market for the investment existed; and

Level 3 – Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

The inputs are considered observable if they are developed using market data, such as publicly available information about actual events or transactions, and that reflect the assumption that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability.

See Note 11 for the fair value classifications of the ETF.

(c) Income recognition

Interest income for distribution purposes represents the coupon interest received by the ETF which is accounted for on an accrual basis. The ETF does not amortize premiums paid or discounts received on the purchase of fixed income securities except for zero coupon bonds, which are amortized on a straight-line basis. Dividends are accrued as of the ex-dividend date. Unrealized gains or losses on investments, realized gains or losses on the sale of investments, including foreign exchange gains or losses on such investments, are calculated on a weighted average cost basis. Distributions received from an Underlying Fund or ETF are included in Interest income for distribution purposes, Dividends income or Net realized gain (loss), as appropriate, on the ex-dividend or distribution date.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Material Accounting Policies (cont'd)

(d) Commissions and other portfolio transaction costs

Commissions and other portfolio transaction costs are costs incurred to acquire, issue or dispose of financial assets or liabilities. They include fees and commissions paid to agents, exchanges, brokers, dealers and other intermediaries. The total brokerage commissions incurred by the ETF in connection with portfolio transactions for the periods, together with other transaction charges, is disclosed in the Statements of Comprehensive Income. Brokerage business is allocated to brokers based on the best net result for the ETF. Subject to this criteria, commissions may be paid to brokerage firms which provide (or pay for) certain services, other than order execution, which may include investment research, analysis and reports, and databases or software in support of these services. Where applicable and ascertainable, the value of these services generated during the periods is disclosed in Note 11. The value of certain proprietary services provided by brokers cannot be reasonably estimated.

Mackenzie may reimburse the ETF for certain commissions and other portfolio transaction costs. Mackenzie may make these reimbursements at its discretion and stop these reimbursements at any time without notice. Any such reimbursements are included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – expenses absorbed by Manager.

(e) Securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions

The ETF is permitted to enter into securities lending, repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions as set out in the ETF's Prospectus. These transactions involve the temporary exchange of securities for collateral with a commitment to redeliver the same securities on a future date. Income is earned from these transactions in the form of fees paid by the counterparty and, in certain circumstances, interest paid on cash or securities held as collateral. Income earned from these transactions is included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income and recognized when earned. Securities lending transactions are administered by The Bank of New York Mellon (the "Securities Lending Agent"). The value of cash or securities held as collateral must be at least 102% of the fair value of the securities loaned, sold or purchased.

Note 11 summarizes the details of securities loaned and collateral received as at the end of period, as well as a reconciliation of securities lending income during the period, if applicable. Collateral received is comprised of debt obligations of the Government of Canada and other countries, Canadian provincial and municipal governments, and financial institutions.

(f) Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position only when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. In the normal course of business, the ETF enters into various master netting agreements or similar agreements that do not meet the criteria for offsetting in the Statement of Financial Position but still allow for the related amounts to be set off in certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy or termination of the contracts. Note 11 summarizes the details of such offsetting, if applicable, subject to master netting arrangements or other similar agreements and the net impact to the Statements of Financial Position if all such rights were exercised.

Income and expenses are not offset in the Statement of Comprehensive Income unless required or permitted to by an accounting standard, as specifically disclosed in the IFRS policies of the ETF.

(g) Currency

The functional and presentation currency of the ETF is Canadian dollars. Foreign currency purchases and sales of investments and foreign currency dividend and interest income and expenses are translated to Canadian dollars at the rate of exchange prevailing at the time of the transactions.

Foreign exchange gains (losses) on purchases and sales of foreign currencies are included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income – Other changes in fair value of investments and other net assets – Net realized gain (loss).

The fair value of investments and other assets and liabilities, denominated in foreign currencies, are translated to Canadian dollars at the rate of exchange prevailing on each business day.

(h) Net assets attributable to unitholders per unit

Net assets attributable to unitholders per unit is computed by dividing the net assets attributable to unitholders on a business day by the total number of units outstanding on that day.

(i) Net asset value per unit

The daily Net Asset Value ("NAV") of an investment fund may be calculated without reference to IFRS as per the Canadian Securities Administrators' ("CSA") regulations. The difference between NAV and Net assets attributable to unitholders (as reported in the financial statements), if any, is mainly due to differences in fair value of investments and other financial assets and liabilities and is disclosed in Note 11, if applicable.

(j) Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations per unit

Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations per unit in the Statement of Comprehensive Income represents the increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders from operations for the period, divided by the weighted average number of units outstanding during the period.

(k) Future accounting changes

In April 2024, the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") issued IFRS 18, *Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements* ("IFRS 18,"). IFRS 18, which replaces IAS 1, *Presentation of financial statements*, introduces new requirements to present specified categories and defined subtotals in the statement of comprehensive income, new disclosure for management-defined performance measures, and additional requirements for aggregation and disaggregation of information.

The standard is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027, with earlier application permitted. Mackenzie is assessing the impact of the adoption of this standard.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that primarily affect the valuation of investments. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The following discusses the most significant accounting judgments and estimates made in preparing the financial statements:

Use of Estimates

Fair value of securities not quoted in an active market

The ETF may hold financial instruments that are not quoted in active markets and are valued using valuation techniques that make use of observable data, to the extent practicable. Various valuation techniques are utilized, depending on a number of factors, including comparison with similar instruments for which observable market prices exist and recent arm's length market transactions. Key inputs and assumptions used are company specific and may include estimated discount rates and expected price volatilities. Changes in key inputs, could affect the reported fair value of these financial instruments held by the ETF.

Use of Judgments

Classification and measurement of investments

In classifying and measuring financial instruments held by the ETF, Mackenzie is required to make significant judgments in order to determine the most appropriate classification in accordance with IFRS 9. Mackenzie has assessed the ETF's business model, the manner in which all financial instruments are managed and performance evaluated as a group on a fair value basis, and concluded that FVTPL in accordance with IFRS 9 provides the most appropriate measurement and presentation of the ETF's financial instruments.

Functional currency

The ETF's functional and presentation currency is the Canadian dollar, which is the currency considered to best represent the economic effects of the ETF's underlying transactions, events and conditions taking into consideration the manner in which units are issued and redeemed and how returns and performance by the ETF are measured.

Interest in unconsolidated structured entities

In determining whether an Underlying Fund or an ETF in which the ETF invests, but that it does not consolidate, meets the definition of a structured entity, Mackenzie is required to make significant judgments about whether these underlying funds have the typical characteristics of a structured entity. These Underlying Funds do meet the definition of a structured entity because:

- I. The voting rights in the Underlying Funds are not dominant factors in deciding who controls them;
- II. the activities of the Underlying Funds are restricted by their offering documents; and
- III. the Underlying Funds have narrow and well-defined investment objectives to provide investment opportunities for investors while passing on the associated risks and rewards.

As a result, such investments are accounted for at FVTPL. Note 11 summarizes the details of the ETF's interest in these Underlying Funds, if applicable.

5. Income Taxes

The ETF qualifies as a mutual fund trust under the provisions of the Income Tax Act (Canada) and, accordingly, is subject to tax on its income including net realized capital gains in the taxation year, which is not paid or payable to its unitholders as at the end of the taxation year. The ETF maintains a December year-end for tax purposes. The ETF may be subject to withholding taxes on foreign income. In general, the ETF treats withholding tax as a charge against income for tax purposes. The ETF will distribute sufficient amounts from net income for tax purposes, as required, so that the ETF will not pay income taxes other than refundable tax on capital gains, if applicable.

Losses of the ETF cannot be allocated to investors and are retained in the ETF for use in future years. Non-capital losses may be carried forward up to 20 years to reduce taxable income and realized capital gains of future years. Capital losses may be carried forward indefinitely to reduce future realized capital gains. Refer to Note 11 for the ETF's loss carryforwards.

6. Management Fees and Operating Expenses

Mackenzie is paid a management fee for managing the investment portfolio, providing investment analysis and recommendations, making investment decisions and making brokerage arrangements relating to the purchase and sale of the investment portfolio. The management fee is calculated as a fixed annual percentage of the daily net asset value of the units of the ETF.

In addition to the applicable management fee, the operating expenses payable by the ETF include interest and borrowing costs, brokerage expenses and related transaction fees, fees and expenses relating to the operation of the Mackenzie ETFs' Independent Review Committee ("IRC"), fees under any derivative instrument used by the ETF, cost of complying with the regulatory requirement to produce summary documents, ETF facts or other similar disclosure documents, the costs of complying with governmental or regulatory requirements introduced after the date of the most recently filed prospectus, including, without limitation, any new fees or increases in fees, the fees related to external services that are not commonly charged in the Canadian exchange-traded fund industry after the date of the most recently filed prospectus, fees paid to external service providers associated with tax reclaims, refunds or the preparation of foreign tax reports on behalf of the ETFs, fees paid to external legal counsel and/or others in connection with corporate or other actions affecting the portfolio holdings of the ETF, and any applicable taxes, including income, withholding or other taxes and also including G.S.T. or H.S.T. on expenses.

Mackenzie may waive or absorb management fees and operating expenses at its discretion and stop waiving or absorbing such fees at any time without notice. Mackenzie may charge a reduced management fee rate with respect to investments in the ETF by large investors, including other funds managed by Mackenzie or affiliates of Mackenzie. An amount equal to the difference between the fee otherwise chargeable and the reduced fee will be distributed in cash to those unitholders by the ETF as a management fee distribution. Refer to Note 11 for the management fee rates charged to units of the ETF.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. Units and Unit Transactions

Mackenzie, on behalf of the ETF, has entered into a designated broker agreement with one or more designated brokers pursuant to which the designated broker has agreed to perform certain duties relating to the ETF including, without limitation: (i) to subscribe for a sufficient number of units to satisfy the Exchange's original listing requirements; (ii) to subscribe for units on an ongoing basis in connection with any rebalancing event, as applicable, and when cash redemptions of units occur; and (iii) to post a liquid two-way market for the trading of units on the Exchange. In accordance with the designated broker agreement, Mackenzie may from time to time require the designated broker to subscribe for units of the ETF for cash.

The number of units issued/redeemed for subscription/redemption orders (the "Prescribed Number of Units") is determined by Mackenzie. On any trading day, a designated broker may place a subscription or redemption order for any multiple of the Prescribed Number of Units of the ETF based on the NAV per unit determined on the applicable trading day. A trading day is each day on which the Exchange is opened for business.

Generally, all orders to purchase units directly from an ETF must be placed by a designated broker or a dealer. The ETF reserves the absolute right to reject any subscription order placed by a designated broker or a dealer. No fees will be payable by the ETF to a designated broker or a dealer in connection with the issuance of units. On the issuance of units, an amount may be charged to a designated broker or a dealer to offset the expenses incurred in issuing the units.

For each Prescribed Number of Units issued, a dealer must deliver payment consisting of: (i) a basket of securities and cash equal to the aggregate NAV per unit of the Prescribed Number of Units next determined following the receipt of the subscription order; (ii) cash in an amount equal to the aggregate NAV per unit of the Prescribed Number of Units next determined following the receipt of the subscription order; or (iii) a combination of securities and cash, as determined by Mackenzie, in an amount sufficient so that the value of the securities and cash received is equal to the aggregate NAV per unit of the Prescribed Number of Units next determined following the receipt of the subscription order; or (iii) a combination of securities and cash, as determined by Mackenzie, in an amount sufficient so that the value of the securities and cash received is equal to the aggregate NAV per unit of the Prescribed Number of Units next determined following the receipt of the subscription order.

8. ETF's Capital

The capital of the ETF is comprised of the net assets attributable to unitholders. The units outstanding for the ETF as at March 31, 2025 and 2024 and units issued, reinvested and redeemed for the periods are presented in the Statement of Changes in Financial Position. Mackenzie manages the capital of the ETF in accordance with the investment objectives as discussed in Note 11.

9. Financial Instruments Risk

(a) Risk exposure and management

The ETF's investment activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, as defined in IFRS 7, *Financial Instruments: Disclosures* ("IFRS 7"). The ETF's exposure to financial risks is concentrated in its investments, which are presented in the Schedule of Investments, as at March 31, 2025, grouped by asset type, with geographic and sector information.

Mackenzie seeks to minimize potential adverse effects of financial risks on the ETF's performance by employing professional, experienced portfolio advisors, by monitoring the ETF's positions and market events daily, by diversifying the investment portfolio within the constraints of the ETF's investment objectives, and where applicable, by using derivatives to hedge certain risk exposures. To assist in managing risks, Mackenzie also maintains a governance structure that oversees the ETF's investment activities and monitors compliance with the ETF's stated investment strategy, internal guidelines, and securities regulations.

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises when the ETF encounters difficulty in meeting its financial obligations as they become due. The ETF is exposed to liquidity risk due to potential daily cash redemptions of redeemable units. In accordance with securities regulations, the ETF must maintain at least 85% of its assets in liquid investments (i.e., investments that can be readily sold). The ETF also has the ability to borrow up to 5% of its net assets for the purposes of funding redemptions and an additional 5% of its net assets for the purpose of funding distributions paid to its investors.

(c) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that financial instruments which are denominated or exchanged in a currency other than the Canadian dollar, which is the ETF's functional currency, will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates. Generally, foreign denominated investments increase in value when the value of the Canadian dollar (relative to foreign currencies) falls. Conversely, when the value of the Canadian dollar rises relative to foreign currencies, the values of foreign denominated investments fall.

Note 11 indicates the foreign currencies, if applicable, to which the ETF had significant exposure, including both monetary and non-monetary financial instruments, and illustrates the potential impact, in Canadian dollar terms, to the ETF's net assets had the Canadian dollar strengthened or weakened by 5% relative to all foreign currencies, all other variables held constant. In practice, the actual trading results may differ and the difference could be material.

The ETF's sensitivity to currency risk illustrated in Note 11 includes potential indirect impacts from underlying ETFs in which the ETF invests, and/or derivative contracts including forward currency contracts. Other financial assets and liabilities (including dividends and interest receivable, and receivables/payables for investments sold/purchased) that are denominated in foreign currencies do not expose the ETF to significant currency risk.

(d) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises on interest-bearing financial instruments. The ETF is exposed to the risk that the value of interest-bearing financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in the prevailing levels of market interest rates. Generally, these securities increase in value when interest rates fall and decrease in value when interest rates rise.

If significant, Note 11 summarizes the ETF's interest-bearing financial instruments by remaining term to maturity and illustrates the potential impact to the ETF's net assets had prevailing interest rates increased or decreased by 1%, assuming a parallel shift in the yield curve, all other variables held constant. The ETF's sensitivity to interest rate changes was estimated using weighted average duration. In practice, the actual trading results may differ and the difference could be material.

The ETF's sensitivity to interest rate risk illustrated in Note 11 includes potential indirect impacts from underlying ETFs in which the ETF invests, and/or derivative contracts. Cash and cash equivalents and other money market instruments are short term in nature and are not generally subject to significant amounts of interest rate risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

9. Financial Instruments Risk (cont'd)

(e) Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment, its issuer, or all factors affecting all instruments traded in a market or market segment. All investments present a risk of loss of capital. This risk is managed through a careful selection of investments and other financial instruments within the parameters of the investment strategies. Except for certain derivative contracts, the maximum risk resulting from financial instruments is equivalent to their fair value. The maximum risk of loss on certain derivative contracts such as forwards, swaps, and futures contracts is equal to their notional values. In the case of written call (put) options and short futures contracts, the loss to the ETF continues to increase, theoretically without limit, as the fair value of the underlying interest increases (decreases). However, these instruments are generally used within the overall investment management process to manage the risk from the underlying interest, cash and do not typically increase the overall risk of loss to the ETF. This risk is mitigated by ensuring that the ETF holds a combination of the underlying interest, cash cover and/or margin that is equal to or greater than the value of the derivative contract.

Other price risk typically arises from exposure to equity and commodity securities. If significant, Note 11 illustrates the potential increase or decrease in the ETF's net assets, had the prices on the respective exchanges for these securities increased or decreased by 10%, all other variables held constant. In practice, the actual trading results may differ and the difference could be material.

The ETF's sensitivity to other price risk illustrated in Note 11 includes potential indirect impacts from underlying ETFs in which the ETF invests, and/or derivative contracts.

(f) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the ETF. Note 11 summarizes the ETF's exposure, if applicable and significant, to credit risk.

If presented, credit ratings and rating categories are based on ratings issued by a designated rating organization. Indirect exposure to credit risk may arise from fixedincome securities, such as bonds, held by underlying ETFs, if any. The fair value of debt securities includes consideration of the creditworthiness of the debt issuer.

To minimize the possibility of settlement default, securities are exchanged for payment simultaneously, where market practices permit, through the facilities of a central depository and/or clearing agency where customary.

The carrying amount of investments and other assets represents the maximum credit risk exposure as at the date of the Statement of Financial Position. The ETF may enter into securities lending transactions with counterparties and it may also be exposed to credit risk from the counterparties to the derivative instruments it may use. Credit risk associated with these transactions is considered minimal as all counterparties have a rating equivalent to a designated rating organization's credit rating of not less than A-1 (low) on their short-term debt and of A on their long-term debt, as applicable.

(g) Underlying ETFs

The ETF may invest in underlying ETFs and may be indirectly exposed to currency risk, interest rate risk, other price risk and credit risk from fluctuations in the value of financial instruments held by the underlying ETFs. Note 11 summarizes the ETF's exposure, if applicable and significant, to these risks from underlying ETF.

10. Other Information

Abbreviations

Foreign currencies, if any, are presented in these financial statements using the following abbreviated currency codes:

Currency Code	Description	Currency Code	Description	Currency Code	Description
AUD	Australian dollars	HUF	Hungarian forint	PLN	Polish zloty
AED	United Arab Emirates Dirham	IDR	Indonesian rupiah	QAR	Qatar Rial
BRL	Brazilian real	ILS	Israeli shekel	RON	Romanian leu
CAD	Canadian dollars	INR	Indian rupee	RUB	Russian ruble
CHF	Swiss franc	JPY	Japanese yen	SAR	Saudi riyal
CZK	Czech koruna	KOR	South Korean won	SEK	Swedish krona
CLP	Chilean peso	MXN	Mexican peso	SGD	Singapore dollars
CNY	Chinese yuan	MYR	Malaysian ringgit	ТНВ	Thailand baht
COP	Colombian peso	NGN	Nigerian naira	TRL	Turkish lira
DKK	Danish krone	NOK	Norwegian krona	USD	United States dollars
EGP	Egyptian pound	NTD	New Taiwan dollar	VND	Vietnamese dong
EUR	Euro	NZD	New Zealand dollars	ZAR	South African rand
GBP	United Kingdom pounds	PEN	Peruvian nuevo sol	ZMW	Zambian kwacha
GHS	Ghana Cedi	PHP	Philippine peso		
HKD	Hong Kong dollars	PKR	Pakistani rupee		

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 11. ETF Specific Information (in '000, except for (a))
- (a) ETF Formation and Series Information
 - Date of Formation: January 11, 2024

The ETF may issue an unlimited number of units. The number of issued and outstanding units is disclosed in the Statements of Changes in Financial Position. CAD Units were listed on the TSX under the symbol MWLV on February 20, 2024. The closing market price, or the midpoint of the bid and ask prices in the absence of a closing market price, at March 31, 2025 was \$25.21 (2024 – \$20.85).

The management fee rate for CAD Units is 0.50%.

As at March 31, 2025, the ETF's NAV per unit was \$25.16 (2024 – \$20.85) and its Net Assets per unit calculated in accordance with IFRS was \$25.16 (2024 – \$20.81).

(b) Tax Loss Carryforwards

As at the last taxation year-end, there were no capital and non-capital losses available to carry forward for tax purposes.

(c) Securities Lending

	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
	(\$)	(\$)
Value of securities loaned	-	_
Value of collateral received		_
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024

	March	March 31, 2025		31, 2024
	(\$)	(%)	(\$)	(%)
Gross securities lending income	7	100.0	-	_
Tax withheld	_	_	_	-
	7	100.0	_	-
Payments to securities lending agent	(1)	(14.3)	-	-
Securities lending income	6	85.7	-	_

(d) Commissions

	(\$)
March 31, 2025	5
March 31, 2024	-

(e) Risks Associated with Financial Instruments

i. Risk exposure and management

The ETF seeks to achieve long-term capital growth by investing primarily in equities of large- and mid-capitalization companies in developed global markets, while seeking to provide lower volatility.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 11. ETF Specific Information (in '000, except for (a)) (cont'd)
- (e) Risks Associated with Financial Instruments (cont'd)

ii. Currency risk

The tables below summarize the ETF's exposure to currency risk.

			Marc	h 31, 2025				
						Impact on	net assets	
Currency	Investments (\$)	Cash and Short-Term Investments (\$)	Derivative Instruments (\$)	— Net Exposure* (\$)	Strengthene (\$)	d by 5% (%)	Weakened	i by 5% (%)
USD	165,422	432	_	165,854				
EUR	21,244	_	_	21,244				
JPY	20,391	20	_	20,411				
CHF	6,614	72	-	6,686				
HKD	3,939	-	-	3,939				
SGD	2,661	-	-	2,661				
GBP	2,153	-	-	2,153				
ILS	1,686	1	-	1,687				
SEK	948	-	-	948				
NOK	672	-	-	672				
DKK	646	6	-	652				
AUD	644	-	-	644				
KOR	561	-	-	561				
Total	227,581	531	_	228,112				
% of Net Assets	92.3	0.2	_	92.5				
Total currency rate ser	nsitivity				(11,406)	(4.6)	11,406	4.6

			Marc	h 31, 2024				
-					Impact on net assets			
Currency	Investments (\$)	Cash and Short-Term Investments (\$)	Derivative Instruments (\$)	ents Net Exposure*	Strengthene (\$)	ed by 5% (%)	Weakene (\$)	d by 5 % (%)
USD	18,373	9	_	18,382				
EUR	2,681	-	-	2,681				
JPY	2,477	-	-	2,477				
CHF	984	-	-	984				
HKD	671	-	-	671				
SGD	334	-	-	334				
ILS	208	-	-	208				
AUD	142	-	-	142				
GBP	105	-	-	105				
NZD	99	-	-	99				
DKK	18	-	-	18				
Total	26,092	9	_	26,101				
% of Net Assets	89.4	_	_	89.4				
Total currency rate sensitivit	ty .				(1,305)	(4.5)	1,305	4.5

* Includes both monetary and non-monetary financial instruments

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11. ETF Specific Information (in '000, except for (a)) (cont'd)

(e) Risks Associated with Financial Instruments (cont'd)

iii. Interest rate risk

As at March 31, 2025 and 2024, the ETF did not have a significant exposure to interest rate risk.

iv. Other price risk

The table below summarizes the ETF's exposure to other price risk.

	Increased by	/ 10%	Decreased b	y 10%
Impact on net assets	(\$)	(%)	(\$)	(%)
March 31, 2025	24,037	9.7	(24,037)	(9.7)
March 31, 2024	2,790	9.6	(2,790)	(9.6)

v. Credit risk

As at March 31, 2025 and 2024, the ETF did not have a significant exposure to credit risk.

(f) Fair Value Classification

The table below summarizes the fair value of the ETF's financial instruments using the fair value hierarchy described in note 3.

	March 31, 2025			March 31, 2024				
	Level 1 (\$)	Level 2 (\$)	Level 3 (\$)	Total (\$)	Level 1 (\$)	Level 2 (\$)	Level 3 (\$)	Total (\$)
Equities	240,366	-	_	240,366	27,896	_	_	27,896
Total	240,366	-	_	240,366	27,896	_	_	27,896

The ETF's policy is to recognize transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

During the periods, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2.

(g) Investments by the Manager and Affiliates

The investments held by the Manager, other funds managed by the Manager, and funds managed by affiliates of the Manager were as follows:

	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
	(\$)	(\$)
The Manager	-	_
Other funds managed by the Manager	170,099	28,916
Funds managed by affiliates of the Manager	_	-

(h) Offsetting of Financial Assets and Liabilities

As at March 31, 2025 and 2024, there were no amounts subject to offsetting.

(i) Interest in Unconsolidated Structured Entities

As at March 31, 2025 and 2024, the ETF had no investments in Underlying Funds.

(j) Fund Mergers

The Mackenzie Maximum Diversification All World Developed ex North America Index ETF (the "First Terminating ETF") and Mackenzie Maximum Diversification All World Developed Index ETF (the "Second Terminating ETF") (collectively the "Terminating ETFs") merged into the ETF on September 27, 2024 and \$64,374 flowed into the ETF as a result.

The merger was effected by transferring the net assets of the First Terminating ETF of \$26,190, which was the fair value on September 27, 2024, in exchange for the units of the ETF at fair market value, as follows:

First Terminating ETF's Series	ETF's Series	Units Issued
CAD Units	CAD Units	1,161

The merger was effected by transferring the net assets of the Second Terminating ETF of \$38,184, which was the fair value on September 27, 2024, in exchange for the units of the ETF at fair market value, as follows:

Second Terminating ETF's Series	ETF's Series	Units Issued
CAD Units	CAD Units	1,692

Following the mergers, the Terminating ETFs were terminated. Mackenzie paid the expenses incurred to effect the mergers.